

# The Janesville Daily Gazette.

VOLUME 24

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JANESVILLE, WISCONSIN, MONDAY, DECEMBER 13, 1880.

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NUMBER 238

As usual, the Democrats in Congress are wasting their energy.

There are a good many who want to be "Captain General Grant."

We will wait and see what Democrat in Congress will move for a special committee to investigate the Republican party.

The Democrats would be quite willing to allow Garfield to be inaugurated without any trouble, if they can have big appropriations this winter and an easy time.

Some half a dozen Democratic papers have already denounced the manner in which the ex-Confederate Chalmers was elected to Congress in Mississippi. When that class of papers begin to denounce fraud, the political millennium is not far off.

If the Northwestern thinks the Gazette misrepresents the sentiment in Rock by supporting Keyes, it is badly mistaken. It is quite probable that the Gazette knows as much about the sentiment in Rock county as the Northwestern does. The Oshkosh Northwestern will hardly be able to run the senatorial campaign in this county.

It seems probable that the dead-lock in the House of Representatives will be broken this week as the Democrats cannot hope to gain any advantage by keeping up the discussion. The action of the Republican caucus last Friday went a great way to discourage the Democrats. They now see the uselessness of trying to force the Morgan proposition through Congress, especially when they admit that there is no harm in it, and that they acknowledge that Garfield is legally elected.

Polygamy is a National disgrace. It has been practiced in Utah for many years. The whole country knows that it exists there. Congress knows it and has the power to stop it. Now, who is responsible? It is idle to talk about the disgrace of polygamy, and run to sentiment on the subject, while Congress folds its arms and does nothing. The people may as well understand that Congress either lacks statesmanship or courage to meet the question. Probably it lacks both. If it is a crime to have more than one wife at one time in the States and Territories of this country, why doesn't the law-making power provide for the punishment of the crime?

The great family and political newspaper of the East is the New York Tribune. It has had a grand history, and in its day has done a grand service, not for the Republican party only, but for the cause of humanity and the welfare of the country. The Daily Tribune is by all odds the foremost Republican newspaper in the United States, and the Weekly, which circulated to the extent of 210,000 copies during the campaign, is the completest family newspaper published in the East. Its several departments are conducted with striking ability, and from beginning to end it is a great newspaper in every sense of the word. We invite attention to the Tribune's prospects in another column, and also to the remarkable premium offered to subscribers.

No ex-President ever gave the country more concern than General Grant. Probably we should not say the "country," but a certain class of men who seem to be afraid he will sink to poverty. They appear to have the gravest apprehensions that he will not be provided for in a manner commensurate with the position he once held, and therefore suggest all sorts of ways to give him support. Since the discussion arose as to making him a captain-general, some think "general" would be high enough, and then he would not out-rank General Sherman. But all this talk is idle. General Grant is in comfortable circumstances. He has \$300,000 or \$400,000, with no one but himself and wife to provide for. The children are doing for themselves, and are doing well. Under these circumstances, we believe in dealing with General Grant just as we would with any other man who has ability and who is entitled to respect. To retire him on a pension when he is unable to spend half his fortune, or to create an office for him simply that he might draw a salary, is ridiculous. We believe in utilizing General Grant on account of his ability, and therefore insist that he should go into the department of State, a position for which he has special fitness.

## THE SPEAKERSHIP OF THE ASSEMBLY.

There will be an animated contest this winter over the election of a Speaker of the Assembly. There are several candidates in the field, all more or less prominent and having some experience in the Legislature. The candidate who seems to take the lead, and who will probably be elected, is Mr. Edward C. McFetridge of Beaver Dam. He is a strong man personally and mentally, and will make a good Speaker. He is one of the popular and rising young business men of the State. He settled in Beaver Dam in 1858, and engaged in the practice of law, but in 1866 he engaged in the manufacture of woolen goods, and is now one of the proprietors of the extensive woolen mills at Beaver Dam. He has been superintendent of schools in Dodge county, mayor of Beaver Dam, treasurer of the county, was a member of the Assembly in 1875, and served in the Senate in the sessions 1879-80. He was elected to these positions in a strong Democratic county. He is so popular on

account of his manly make-up and sterling worth, that he has been elected by large majorities when it seemed hopeless for a Republican to run for office in his county or district. He has all the qualifications that go to make up a good Speaker, and his election would be an honor to the Republicans and a benefit to the Assembly.

## THE GEORGIA VOTE.

The question as to whether the electoral vote of Georgia shall be counted, does not seem to be settled. To count the vote, after the blunder made by the electors in assembling one week after the time expressly named by the law of the United States, would be ridiculous, because in that case, the law of Georgia would be higher authority than the supreme law of the United States. It is a good thing to have a day certain on which all the electors in the United States shall meet in their respective capitals, and cast the vote of their States for President and Vice President. It is necessary to do this in order to prevent any hanging back of one State to see how another State will vote, and also in order that bribes may be prevented.

As we said the other day, these blunders have occurred, and the attention of joint conventions have been called to them, they have been discussed and long reports have been made, but what has been done? In 1857 when the Wisconsin vote was called in question, one side say the vote was counted, and the other say it was not. Again in 1869, when Georgia made an other blunder, the joint convention discussed the question, and no definite course was taken. The best way the joint convention could get out of the muddle was to take that course which would make it appear that the vote was counted and that it was not counted, or in other words, both as regards the vote of Wisconsin, in 1857, and that of Georgia in 1869, the course taken was in substance to announce the vote both ways. This is a cowardly way to treat so important and grave a matter, and it is to be hoped that Congress will take some definite action concerning the subject.

Away back in 1792 Congress passed a bill which declared that the electors shall meet in their respective capitals on the first Wednesday in December, and ever since 1792 that law has been in force. But Georgia, after the wreck of the Confederacy, reconstructed her constitution, or in other words, patched it up in places, and this patched constitution directs the Governor to convene the electoral college on the first Monday, and vote on the first Wednesday following. This year the first Monday fell on the 6th, and the Wednesday following on the 8th, just one week after all the other State electors had voted in compliance with the United States law. So far as the result is concerned, it does not matter whether the vote of Georgia is counted or not, but at some time in the future such a blunder may make a vast difference and possibly may lead to trouble. Such a conflict between a law of Congress and a State law should not be allowed to exist. The matter should be settled once and for all, and not be allowed to remain in an indeterminate shape.

## LIST OF PATENTS.

The following patents were issued from the United States Patent Office to Wisconsin inventors, for the week ending December 7, 1880. Reported for the Gazette by S. A. Hudson, Solicitor of Patents, Lappin's Block, Janesville, Wisconsin:

Horse lay fork—James M. Boyd, Oakfield.  
Spring tooth harrow—Samuel C. Cobb, Janesville.  
Snap hook for harnesses—Warren Collins and Charles F. Pennington, Janesville.  
Attachment for street cars—Freeman S. Trapp, Eau Claire.  
Stove pipe damper—William G. Lindsey, Winneconne.  
Water power—Robert Thomson, Oshkosh.  
Windmill—Allen S. Baker, Evansville, Reineuse.  
Windmill—William H. Wheeler, Beloit, assignor to Eclipse Windmill Co., same place.

J. N. Brock, of Toledo, Ohio, says:—My father, before wearing the "Only Lung Pad," could not sleep nights on account of his violent coughing, since wearing it he has slept soundly every night. —See Ad.

Avoid long journeys unless you have enough time to recover from the weariness and discomfort of traveling before you go to work again. Seek a new place—in the country if you live in the city, at the mountains if you live by the seashore. Persons who lead a very quiet life may be benefited by a season at some lively watering-place, but for most people the more retired and quiet the place chosen for rest, the better it is for them.

On the continent of Europe they say that the Englishmen go abroad to wear out their old clothes. In this country the idea seems to be that when one is away from home one should be constantly dressed in his or her best. The English plan is much more sensible. A vacation should not be expensive. There ought never to be a question whether it can be afforded. Whoever has a limited income should lay his plans so as to spend no more during his vacation than at other times. If any other rule is followed, it may be the cause of a troubled mind when anxiety should be altogether absent, and it may even lead to the giving up of the rest which every mind and body should take.—Youth's Companion.

## THE ELECTORAL COUNT

The Democrats Preparing to Give up the Morgan Resolution.

The Joint Session Will Be Held, and the Result Declared.

The Democratic Members Can Stay Away if They so Choose.

Official Announcement of the Resignation of Secretary Thompson.

The Retirement of Justice Strong from the Supreme Court.

The Anthracite Coal Miners at Work on Half Time.

A Vessel Wrecked in Pleasant Bay, and Twenty-Two Lives Lost.

Jack Hill Found Dead in Bed at His Home, in Waukesha.

Other Interesting State and Miscellaneous News.

## HANGED.

Special to the Gazette.  
LONDON, Dec. 13.—Pavey and Herbert the murderers, were hanged this morning at Newgate prison.

## SENTENCED.

Special to the Gazette.  
CINCINNATI, December 13.—Glimmer and Smith, counterfeiters, were sentenced to five years in Sing Sing.

## NO TROUBLE.

Special to the Gazette.  
CHICAGO, December 13.—General Pope telegraphs General Sheridan that there is no apprehension of trouble with the Oklahoma colonists. They are quietly confronted by the United States cavalry at Humeville.

## WASHINGTON.

Special to the Gazette.  
WASHINGTON, Dec. 13.—Hard, in the House, opposed the credentials of Taylor, Garfield's successor. A wordy contest ensued.

The President appointed Secretary Ramsey to succeed Thompson at the end of the navy department, after Dec. 20th. Ramsey will also continue as Secretary of War.

## THE ELECTORAL COUNT.

The Democrats will Back Down on the Morgan Resolution.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 12.—The belief is growing that the fight in the House over the Morgan resolution will die out in a few days. A prominent Republican member expressed the opinion to-day that the Democrats will yield after before half the week is over. He says they can not afford to pursue the ridiculous farce any further. It is nonsense for them to talk about leaving the joint assembly at the time of the count without a quorum of one or both houses. He says the count can go on all the same. The presence or absence of the two houses makes no difference with the counting or the declaration of the result of the electoral vote. The election has already taken place. The votes of the electors were cast on the first Wednesday of this month. Garfield is known to have received a majority of them. All that remains to be done is to count this vote and declare the result. The counting could be done by any one the Vice President might name. The work is purely ministerial. The constitution does not require a quorum of the two houses to be present on that day. The senators and members can assemble or not to witness the count. It will proceed anyway, and Garfield will be declared elected. That is all there is of it. Many Democrats themselves are disposed not to urge the passage of the Morgan resolution, and are willing to drop it whenever the appropriation bills are reported for consideration by the house.

## SECRETARY THOMPSON.

Official Announcement of His Resignation.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 12.—It is officially announced that Secretary Thompson has tendered his resignation, to take effect as soon as a successor is appointed. This is to enable him to accept the chairmanship of the American branch of the Panama Inter-oceanic canal company.

## A LONG SWIM.

New York, Dec. 12.—Webb, the swimmer, has arrived in London, and intends shortly to retire from further aquatic contests. Before doing so, however, he endeavors to surpass all past records in the art of natation by swimming, early in the summer, across the Irish sea, from Holy head in Wales, to Kingstown, on the bay of Dublin, a distance of sixty-four miles.

## THE RETIRING FUND.

Boston, Mass., Dec. 12.—The Advertiser to-morrow will publish an address to the public and the form of subscription for the Presidential retiring fund. The Advertiser says there are assurances

that a fund of \$250,000 will be secured, provided New England contributes 50,000, and, if expressions of interest signify anything, the task will not be difficult.

## THE POOR MINERS.

New York, December 13.—A dispatch from Scranton, Pa., says: The mines of the anthracite coal region, under the ukase of the combination, will commence working on half time to-morrow morning, much to the consternation and disappointment of the miners, who hoped that an era of full time and better wages was at hand. The action of the combination in ordering such a curtailment of work at a time when, owing to the inclemency of the weather, there is an unusual demand for fuel, is sharply criticised. It is looked upon by many as a dodge to increase the price of coal, and by others as a ruse to prevent the rise in wages, which some had confidently hoped would take place at the beginning of the new year.

## FOUND DEAD.

WAUKESHA, Dec. 12.—An old man named Jack Hill, who lived alone in an house on Vermont street, near the outskirts of town, was found dead in his bed yesterday afternoon. He had been missing for some time, and it is believed his death occurred two weeks ago. The body was in a good state of preservation, decomposition having been arrested by the long continued cold weather. On a chair near his bed was an empty bottle of whisky, and two bottles of whisky were near at hand. Hill's wife died in February under suspicious circumstances, and the coroner's jury believed that domestic trouble and continuous dissipation drove him to self-destruction. The verdict of the jury was that he came to death by his own hands, by the use of poison.

## TWENTY-TWO LIVES LOST.

HALLTAX, Dec. 12.—A private letter from Bay St. Lawrence says that a vessel was wrecked in Pleasant Bay, near Chatham, during the recent gale, and that twenty-two persons were lost.

## SUPREME COURT.

Retirement of Justice Strong from the Supreme Bench.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 12.—Justice Strong will occupy his seat on the supreme bench to-morrow for the last time, it being his purpose to retire immediately. He has accepted an offer of employment as counsel for the Philadelphia & Reading railroad company.

## GENERAL GRANT.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 12.—General Grant will arrive here at 4 o'clock to-morrow afternoon, over the Baltimore and Potomac road. He will be met by the Boys in Blue, and escorted to the house of General Beale, where he will remain while in the city. There will probably be no formal reception until Wednesday evening.

## Myers Opera House.

PETER MYERS, Proprietor.

C. E. MOSELEY, Manager.

Monday and Tuesday Evenings Dec.

13th and 14th, 1880.

Grand Season of Two Nights Only.

ELEGANT COSTUMES.

MAGNIFICENT SCENERY.

Planquette's Charming Opera of the

Bells of Corneville!

Better Known as

Chimes of Normandy

With the following Powerful Cast:

SERPOLETTE, the good for nothing  
GERMAINE, the lost Marchioness  
HENRI, Marquis of Corneville  
JEAN GRENIQUEUX, a fisherman  
Gertrude, Village Maidens,  
Jeanne, Manette, Suzanne,  
Gaspard, a Miser  
The Bailiff

Miss Mae Shelton,  
Miss Franc Whiting,  
Miss Ada Holdredge,  
Miss Cora Bliss,  
Miss Stella Griswold,  
Miss Fannie Ray,  
Miss Mary Colling,  
Miss Minnie Warren

Miss Laura Chapman,  
Miss Hattie Chapman,  
Miss Lulu Titcomb,  
Miss Hattie Page,  
Miss Clara Reed,

Miss Hattie Lappin,  
Miss Anna Smith,  
C. N. Vankirk,  
G. H. McCausay,  
H. Ehringer,  
Wells Ray,  
Ed. Church,  
Harry Merrill,  
Charles Carter,  
Herbert Baker,  
Clarence Clark.

Fred. Hastings,  
Charles Clark.

All Under the Management of Prof. C. G. TITCOMB.

This will be by far the best entertainment that will be given in Janesville this season, no expense having been spared by the management to produce a most magnificent manner, but notwithstanding the expense, the popular prices of admission will be adhered to.

25 Cents, 35 Cents, 50 Cents.

With no extra charge for Reserved Seats, which are now on sale at Moseley's. Persons at a distance, who desire to attend, can secure seats by addressing Moseley & Co., Liberator of the Opera for sale at Moseley's and at the Hall. Doors open at 7, Opera at 8.

## MISCELLANEOUS.

ROYAL



BAKING POWDER  
Absolutely Pure.

Made from Cream of Tartar—No other preparation makes such light, fluffy loaves, or luxurious pastries. Can be used by the housewife without fear of the ill results from heavy indigestible food. Sold only in bulk, by all Grocers.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., New York.

## LLOYD & MCKEAN, BANKERS.

No. 31 WALL STREET, NEW YORK.

We buy and sell at current rates:

U. S. Government Bonds.

Central Pacific Land Grant Bonds.

Central Pacific First Mortgage Gold Bonds.

California and Oregon do

San Joaquin Valley do

Western Pacific do

Southern Pacific of Cal. do

Chesapeake & Ohio R.R. Co. Bonds and bond and stock scrip and coupons.

We have for sale the Chesapeake & Ohio Series "A" 4 per cent. Bonds, at 97 1/2 and interest.

We buy and sell on commission the securities dealt in at the Stock Exchange, and make advances thereon to responsible parties.

We also buy and sell on commission all classes of securities not traded at the Stock Exchange. We receive deposits and allow interest on daily balances.

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Dr. JAMES,

Lock Hospital,

204 Washington St.,

Cor. Franklin, CHICAGO.

Chlorodyne for the Stomach.

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## The Time to Sell

Is When There

IS A DEMAND!

And realizing this fact we have made new prices on the following lines of goods:

A Reduction of 10 to 15 per cent

on all

ULSTERS!

AND

Over-Coats!

For children from 2 to 10 years of age. We have the best Overcoat for boys from 10 to 15 ever shown in the city, but as they come high we have marked them down from \$15.00 to \$12.00.

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LLOYD & MCKEAN,

BANKERS,

No. 31 WALL STREET, NEW YORK.

We buy and sell at current rates:

U. S. Government Bonds.

Central Pacific Land Grant Bonds.

Central Pacific First Mortgage Gold Bonds.

California and Oregon do

San Joaquin Valley do

Western Pacific do

Southern Pacific of Cal. do

Chesapeake & Ohio R.R. Co. Bonds and bond and stock scrip and coupons.

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George Adolphus followed swiftly on after the young lady, hardly knowing why he did so, but feeling irresistibly drawn by some unaccountable pressure that all was not well with her. A few moments he came up with her and followed at a little distance, watching her movements with the keenest interest. But Maud was so intent upon some purpose which lay deep hidden in her heart that she did not notice him. The street now began to be deserted, but still the resolute girl walked rapidly on. At length a small foot-bridge across the canal was reached. The girl paused. Was her purpose a desperate one? George Adolphus asked himself this question and many more beside.

without the slightest intelligence of the owner of the golden hairpin.

VIII.

In a brilliantly-lighted ball-room at Comptonville, gayest of the gay, and admired of all admirers, Maud Maud promenaded like a fair queen. Her wretchedness and despair parted with old Mr. Muggleton, but she had not forgotten the night when a stranger had rescued her from self-destruction, and she secretly longed to know who it was that had saved her from herself. She closely scanned every gentleman that entered the room as in half-frightened expectancy. She had heard of Mr. Clarendon, the young millionaire, but as he had not appeared

ing of an extra groove in the frame fitted with swing bearings, into which the sashes are fixed. By this plan the windows are readily reversed, so that they can be cleaned from within. Perfect ventilation is secured by the revolving arrangement. The cost of applying the improvement is said to be quite small.

There was a sweet girl named Corinna.  
And day after day she got thinner.  
The reason was plain.  
She'd Nouralgia again.  
But Electric Oil—cured the sweet girl  
ma.

Sold by A. J. Roberts, and Croft & Sherr.

**PLANKS OF ALL KINDS**—At the very low

Five Cash Prizes, each \$400	2.50
Fifty Cash Prizes, each \$100	5.00
One Hundred Cash Prizes, each \$50	5.00
Five Hundred Cash Prizes, each \$20	10.00
One Set of Bar Furniture	1.00
One Pair of Piano	1.00
One Handsome Silver Tea Set	1.00
100 Boxes Old Bourbon Whisky	\$36
10 Baskets Clara sugar	\$35
100 Boxes Old Blend Whisky	each \$10
Five Hundred Cash Prizes	each \$20
100 Boxes Robertson County Whisky	\$37
100 Boxes Old Blend Whisky	each \$10
Five Hundred Cash Prizes	each \$10
White Tickets \$25, Halves \$24, Quarters \$23	
Make good on all the above prizes and tickets	
point. Particulars giving full information	
and for tickets, address	W. C. D. WHITZ
Or W. SCOTT, Willard Hotel, Louisville, Ky.	
Or W. C. D. WHITZ, Book-keeper, 78 1/2 St. Louisville, Ky.	

The Hotel is now open and will be run by the proprietor, W. C. D. WHITZ, and the management to the lucky winner. The public are invited to stop with him and see the property for themselves.

Company's slogan.

The 100 drawings are fair, and the Company has now on hand a large reserve fund. Read the list of prizes for the

**DECEMBER DRAWING.**

1 Prize.....\$20,000	100 prizes 10 each.....\$200
2 Prizes 5,000 each.....10,000	100 prizes 5 each.....500
3 Prizes 1,000 each.....3,000	100 prizes 1 each.....100
4 Prizes 500 each.....2,000	100 prizes 50 each.....5,000
5 Prizes 250 each.....1,000	100 prizes 25 each.....2,500
6 Prizes 100 each.....500	100 prizes 10 each.....1,000
7 Prizes 50 each.....250	100 prizes 5 each.....500
8 Prizes 25 each.....100	100 prizes 2 each.....200
9 Prizes 10 each.....50	100 prizes 1 each.....100

1,000 Tickets \$2.      Half tickets \$1.

**White tickets \$2.      Half tickets \$1.**

Prizes \$50.      50 tickets \$1.

REMIT BY MONIE IN LETTER, BY BANK, OR BY MONEY ORDER.

Remit Money or Bank Draft in Letter, or check in Letter, to

DECEMBER DRAWING, 100 PRIZES, BY REGISTERED MAIL.

LETTER OR POSTOFFICE ORDER.

Order for \$5 and upward, by Express, can be sent at expense.

R. M. LORAIN, Inc., Courier Building, Boston, Louis, N. Y., or 37 St. 300 Broadway, New York.

Put up in QUART size Bottles, giving MORE for the money than any article in the market.

**CAUTION.**—DON'T BE DECEIVED by unprincipled dealers who try to palm off upon you common black and grey in place of our **TOULOU ROUGE AND RYE**, which is the only genuine article under the **GOVERNMENT STAMP** on each bottle.

Extract from Report of the Commissioner of Internal Revenue:  
 TREASURY DEPARTMENT, OFFICE OF INTERNAL REVENUE,  
 WASHINGTON, D. C., January 31, 1887.

Messrs. LAWRENCE & MARTIN, 111 Madison St., Chicago, Ills:

SIR:—This compound, in the opinion of this office, would have a sufficient quantity of the BALSAM OF TOLU to give it all the ailments ascribed to it, and constitutes while the whiskey and the syrup constitute an emulsion rendering it so agreeable readily to the patient. Compounded according to the formula it may properly be classed as a medicinal preparation under the provisions of the Act of March 3, 1879, imposing a tax on the sale of Druggists, Apothecaries and Other Persons without forbidding them liable to pay special tax for liquor dealers.

Yours Respectfully,  
 (Signed) **GREEN B. BAUM, Commissioner.**

**LAWRENCE & MARTIN, Proprietors, Chicago, Ills.**

**SOLD BY DRUGGISTS, GROCERS AND DEALERS EVERYWHERE.**

**LAWRENCE & MARTIN, Proprietors, Chicago, Ill.**  
**SOLD BY DRUGGISTS, GROCERS AND DEALERS EVERYWHERE**







